WEEK 11(03.12.24) Listening Activity for Computer Ethics

The 10 Commandments of Computer Ethics

People rely on computers to handle the more details of their social, business, and financial lives. Imagine what would happen if an enemy or a business competitor got access to your email account, bank account, Facebook profile, and company website? They could destroy your in a matter of hours. This is why we need to study Computer Ethics.

The idea of Computer Ethics was invented in 1950 by MIT professor **Norbert Wiener**. Norbert predicted that the world would undergo "a second industrial revolution" — an "automatic age" with "...... potential for good and for evil". Today we live in that world! Why did he say this? Airplane drones can bomb a target while the pilot is safe in a computer room thousands of miles away. Criminals can

privacy,, , copyright infringement, and Internet control.

The **Computer Ethics Institute** (CEI) has laid these 10 commandments down for people to follow. Below each of the 10 Commandments, I have put some comments to help explain what the commandment means to me.

Rule #1: Thou shalt not use a computer to harm other people.

You should not program a computer to do dangerous things to people. For example, to program a robot to kill people, make viruses, or of mass destruction. What this means is that computers are not an excuse to do bad things to people. The programmer is responsible for the actions of his programs.

Rule #2: Thou shalt not interfere with other people's computer work.

Everyone has the right to use computers. creating a computer virus is wrong because it wastes people's time and money and destroys potentially valuable property. As the hippies used to say: "Live and let live!"

Rule #3: Thou shalt not snoop around in other people's computer files:

It is to open and read someone's real physical mail, and it is also illegal to snoop on network connections and read someones email, passwords, files, databases, etc.

Rule #4) Thou shalt not use a computer to steal.

Rule #5: Thou shalt not use a computer to bear false witness.

paid.

Think about how hard it is to write good software. Think about all the people and costs involved. You have two choices: 1) buy a license or 2) find an alternative. Using pirated software is not only unethical, it is dangerous because of hidden malware. **Rule #7: Thou shalt not use other people's computer resources. without**

authorization or proper compensation.

Is it ethical to use a neighbour's lawn mower or mixer without telling them? How about their Internet? No it isn't! Is it legal or ethical to do bad things on a computer while logged in as someone else? No it isn't! Don't do it!

Rule #8: Thou shalt not appropriate other people's intellectual output.

If you copy text or images from a website and post them on your own website it is a in most countries, and definitely not ethical. Why? You are causing irreparable damage to the creator of the content. Why not 'get a life' and create your own unique and original content? You will be much happier in the long run creating new things rather than from other people.

Rule #9) Thou shalt think about the social consequences of the program you are writing or the system you are designing.

Do you write software that helps people to steal, kill,, gamble, or spread pornography? Please ask yourself why. Is there a way you can use your IT talents for good purposes? Wouldn't the world be a better place if everyone was engaged in positive instead of negative behaviour? Think about it!

10) Thou shalt always use a computer in ways that ensure consideration and respect for your fellow humans.

Okay, that was a brief introduction to Computer Ethics. I hope you enjoyed it and it didn't sound too "preachy". I also hope that you continue to think about ethical questions throughout your IT career. It's very important. Your career and maybe even your life can be by making the wrong ethical decisions.

Listen to the audio from the link below. https://128.pl/UeDYD



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